

# INFRAALCA AGENDA

## Case study results

- Strategy overview
- Baseline calculations
- Geometrical optimization
- Material optimization
- Next steps and reflections

02

# STRATEGY OVERVIEW

Baseline pre 2010

## BASELINE PRE 2010 RESULTS

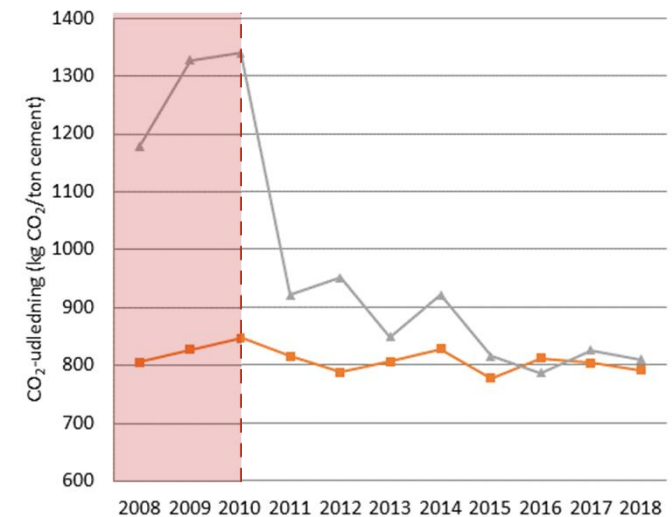
### In-situ: Vindingevej

Material GWP [kg CO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>3</sup> ]	Standard value (InfraLCA)	Pre 2010 (ref. CMP)
Concrete C35-A	392	550
Concrete C40-E	427	620

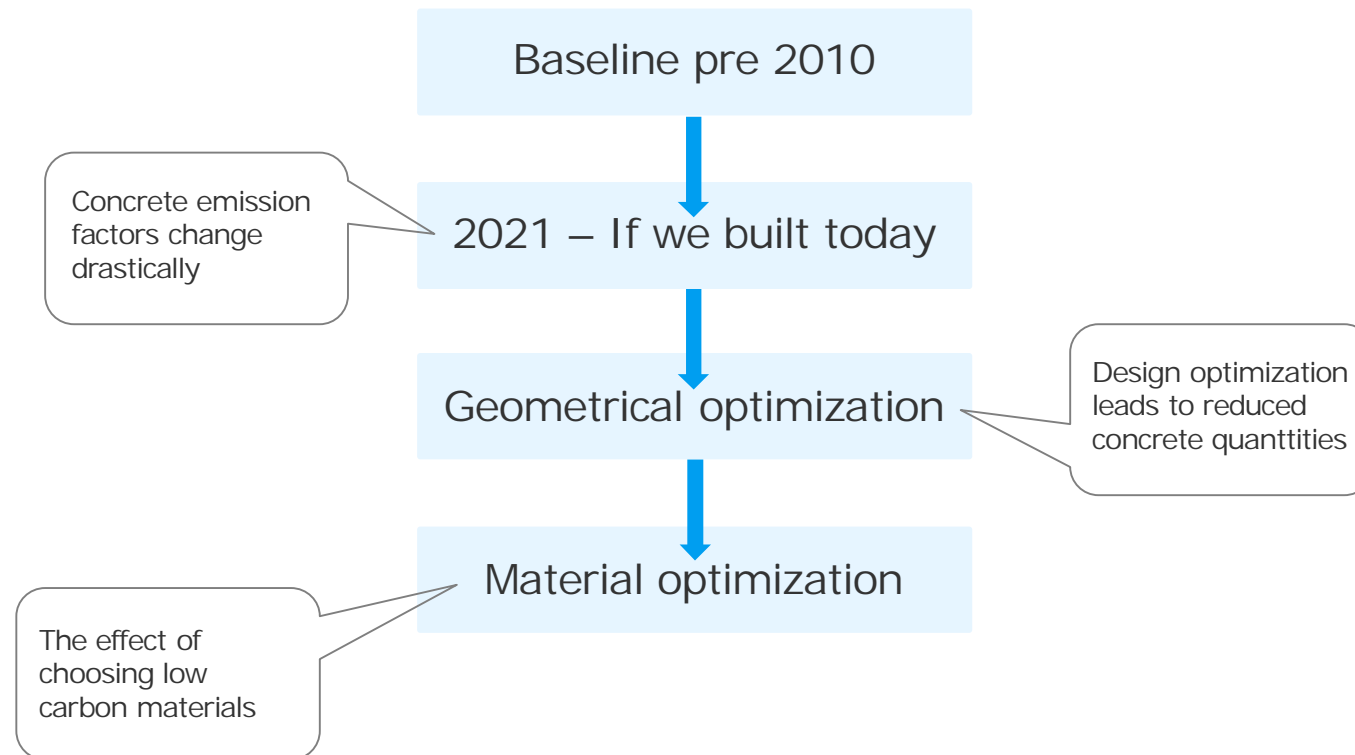
### Element deck: Vesterled

Material GWP [kg CO <sub>2</sub> /m <sup>3</sup> ]	Standard value (InfraLCA)	Pre 2010 (ref. CMP)
Concrete C35-A	392	700
Concrete C40-E	427	800

Aalborg Portland, ref. CMP:



# STRATEGY OVERVIEW

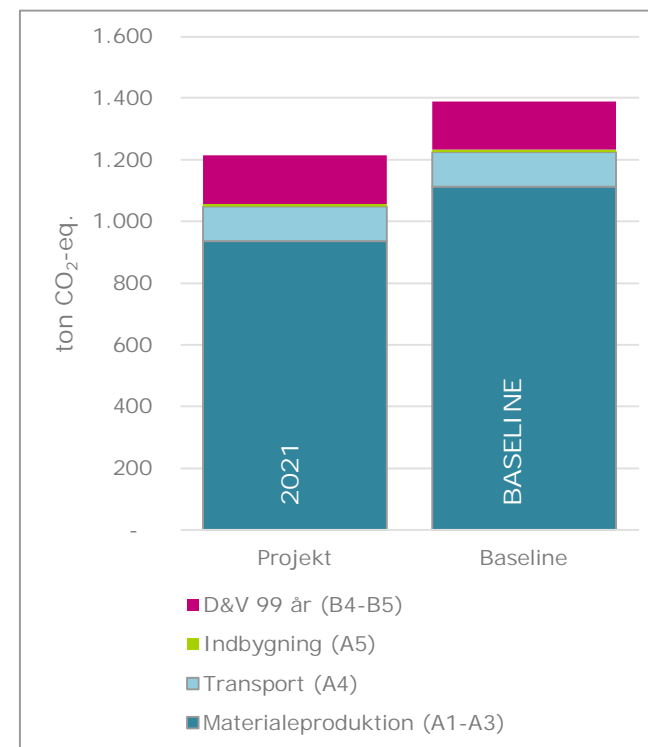


# 2021 – IF WE BUILT TODAY RESULTS

## In-situ: Vindingevej

Global opvarmning fordelt på livscyklus og vejkomponent [ton CO <sub>2</sub> -eq.]			
Beregnet			
Livscyklusfase	Projekt	Baseline	Forskel
Materialeproduktion (A1-A3)	940	1.116	(176)
Transport (A4)	113	113	-
Indbygning (A5)	9	9	-
D&V 99 år (B4-B5)	156	156	-
Sum	1.217	1.394	(176)

*Inkluderet direkte emissioner på byggeplads, ikke inkluderet arealbrugsændringer*

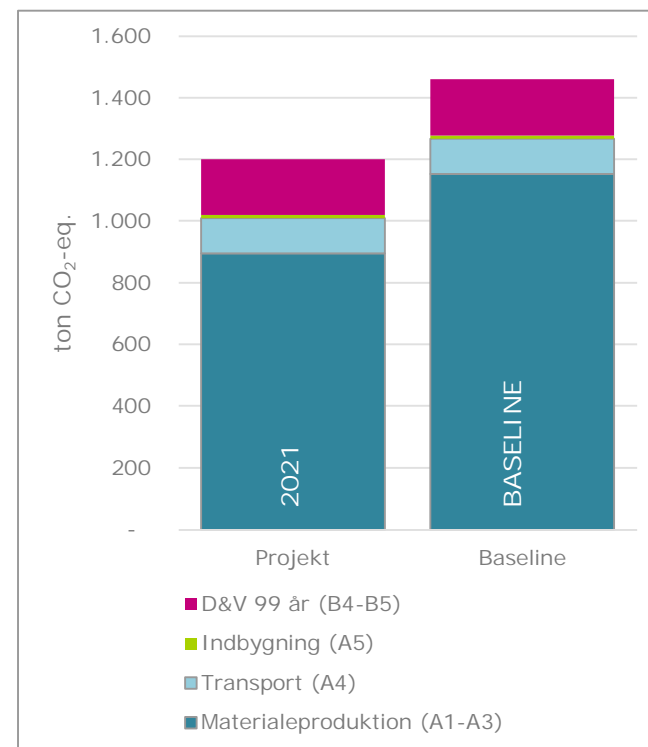


# 2021 – IF WE BUILT TODAY RESULTS

## Element deck: Vesterled

Global opvarmning fordelt på livscyklus og vejkomponent [ton CO <sub>2</sub> -eq.]			
Beregnet			
Livscyklusfase	Projekt	Baseline	Forskel
Materialeproduktion (A1-A3)	895	1.153	(258)
Transport (A4)	114	114	-
Indbygning (A5)	10	10	-
D&V 99 år (B4-B5)	182	182	-
Sum	1.201	1.459	(258)

*Inkluderet direkte emissioner på byggeplads, ikke inkluderet arealbrugsændringer*



# GEOMETRICAL OPTIMIZATION RESULTS

In-situ: Vindingevej

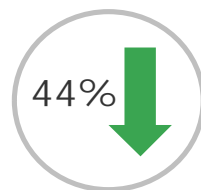
4 webs, monolithic solution (variant 7)

Material	Unit	Original	Variant 7
C35	m <sup>3</sup>	40	146
C40	m <sup>3</sup>	739	431
C50	m <sup>3</sup>	24	19
Armering	ton	82	79
Spændtarmering	ton	18	9
Spuns	ton	78	0
Anker stål	ton	6	0
Anker beton	m <sup>3</sup>	15	0

Embodied carbon (A1-A3) [ton CO<sub>2</sub>e]

Oprindelig 633

Variant 7 355



Element deck: Vesterled

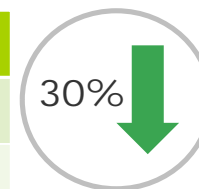
OT-beam, portal solution (variant 2)

Material	Unit	Original	Variant 2
C35	m <sup>3</sup>	248	172
C40	m <sup>3</sup>	472	331
C50 piles	m <sup>3</sup>	201	171
C50 element	m <sup>3</sup>	293	199
Armering	ton	142	108
Spændtarmering	ton	34	16

Embodied carbon (A1-A3) [ton CO<sub>2</sub>e]

Oprindelig 765

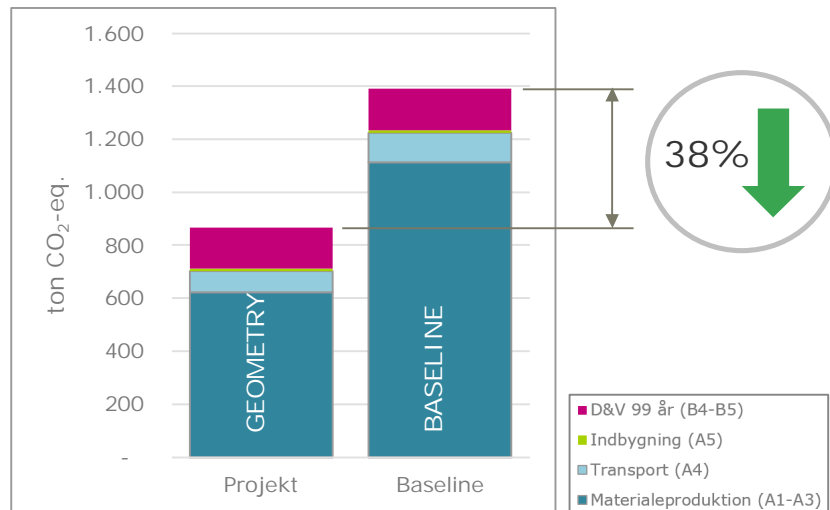
Variant 2 538



# GEOMETRICAL OPTIMIZATION RESULTS

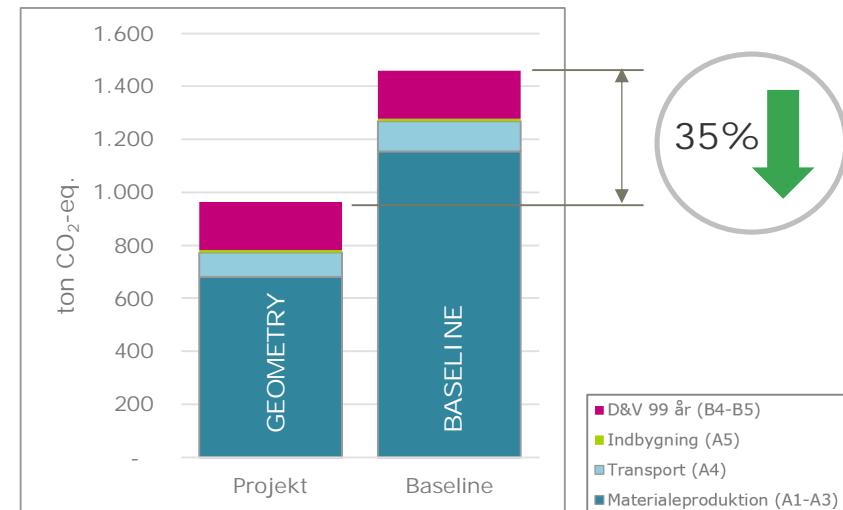
## In-situ: Vindingevej

Global opvarmning fordelt på livscyklus og vejkomponent [ton CO <sub>2</sub> -eq.]			
Beregnet			
Livscyklusfase	Projekt	Baseline	Forskel
Materialeproduktion (A1-A3)	622	1.116	(494)
Transport (A4)	81	113	(32)
Indbygning (A5)	8	9	(1)
D&V 99 år (B4-B5)	156	156	-
Sum	867	1.394	(527)



## Element deck: Vesterled

Global opvarmning fordelt på livscyklus og vejkomponent [ton CO <sub>2</sub> -eq.]			
Beregnet			
Livscyklusfase	Projekt	Baseline	Forskel
Materialeproduktion (A1-A3)	667	1.153	(486)
Transport (A4)	89	114	(25)
Indbygning (A5)	9	10	(1)
D&V 99 år (B4-B5)	182	182	-
Sum	946	1.459	(513)





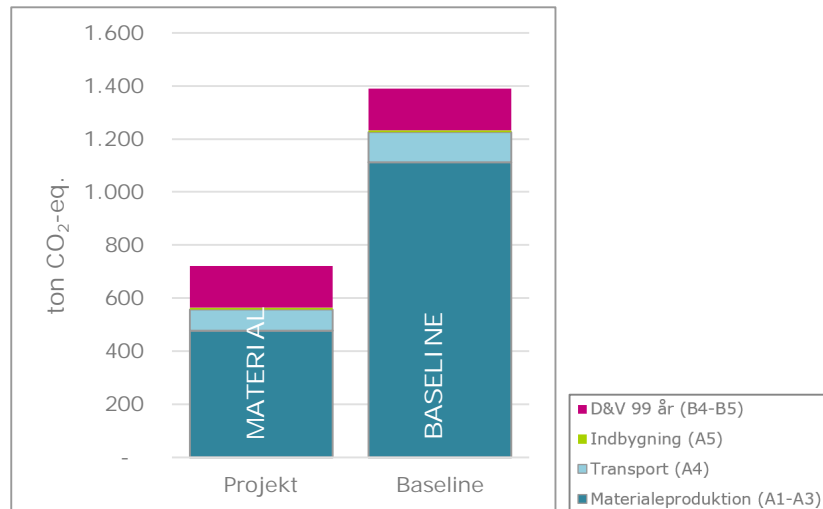
## MATERIAL OPTIMIZATION RESULTS

Material GWP [kg CO <sub>2</sub> /unit]	Default factor	Applied factor	Source alternative material
Concrete 35-A	392	280	A-Beton (Optimeret): Notat "CMP materiale oplæg Version 11-08-2021.docx" Christian Munch Pedersen
Concrete 40-E	427	320	E-Beton (Optimeret): Notat "CMP materiale oplæg Version 11-08-2021.docx" Christian Munch Pedersen
Reinforcement	1060	488	Celsa stål (2021): Celsa Steel Service A/S, 2020; EPD registration number: S-P-00308
Sheet pile	2330	520	ArcelorMittal - EcoSheetPile Plus (2021): EPD-ARM-20210178-CBD1-EN
Prestressed steel	2180	584	Hjulsbro (2020) - PC-strand - Prestressed steel

# MATERIAL OPTIMIZATION RESULTS

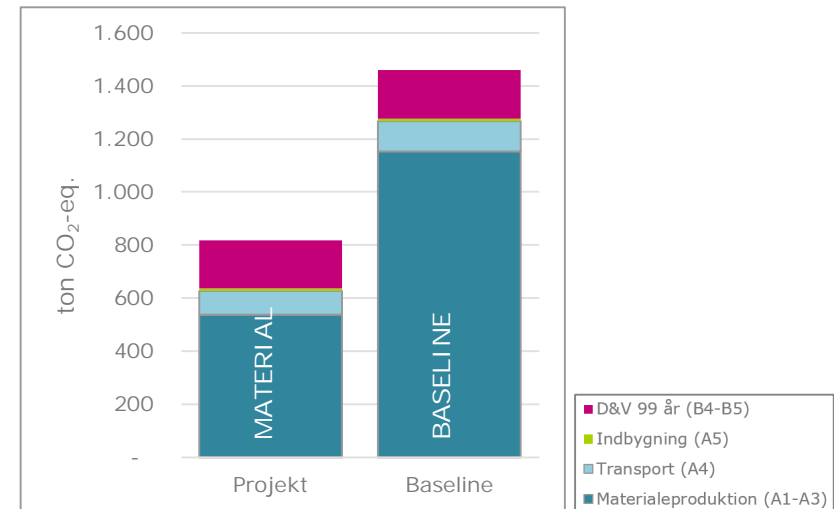
## In-situ: Vindingevej

Global opvarmning fordelt på livscyklus og vejkomponent [ton CO <sub>2</sub> -eq.]			
Beregnet			
Livscyklusfase	Projekt	Baseline	Forskel
Materialeproduktion (A1-A3)	476	1.116	(640)
Transport (A4)	81	113	(32)
Indbygning (A5)	8	9	(0)
D&V 99 år (B4-B5)	156	156	-
Sum	721	1.394	(672)



## Element deck: Vesterled

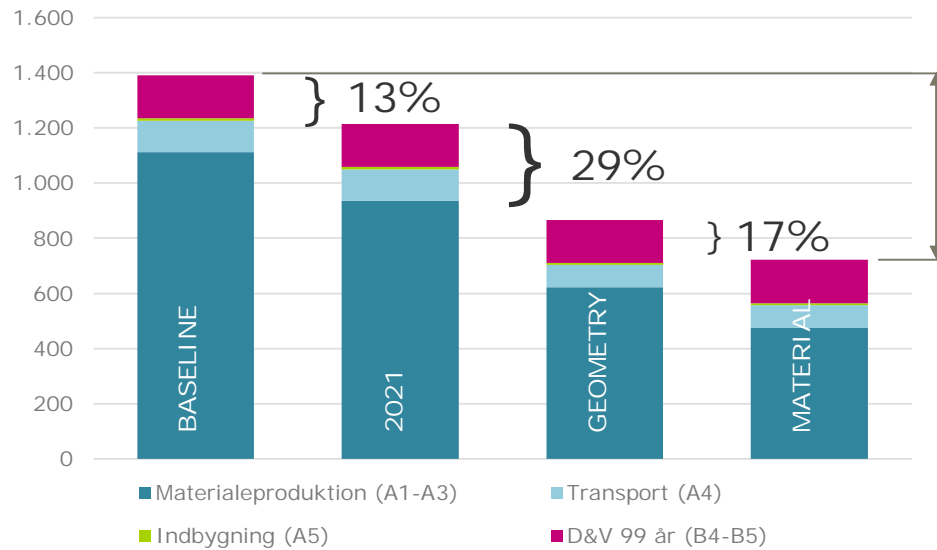
Global opvarmning fordelt på livscyklus og vejkomponent [ton CO <sub>2</sub> -eq.]			
Beregnet			
Livscyklusfase	Projekt	Baseline	Forskel
Materialeproduktion (A1-A3)	524	1.153	(629)
Transport (A4)	89	114	(25)
Indbygning (A5)	9	10	(1)
D&V 99 år (B4-B5)	182	182	-
Sum	804	1.459	(655)



# SUMMARY OF CASE-STUDY RESULTS

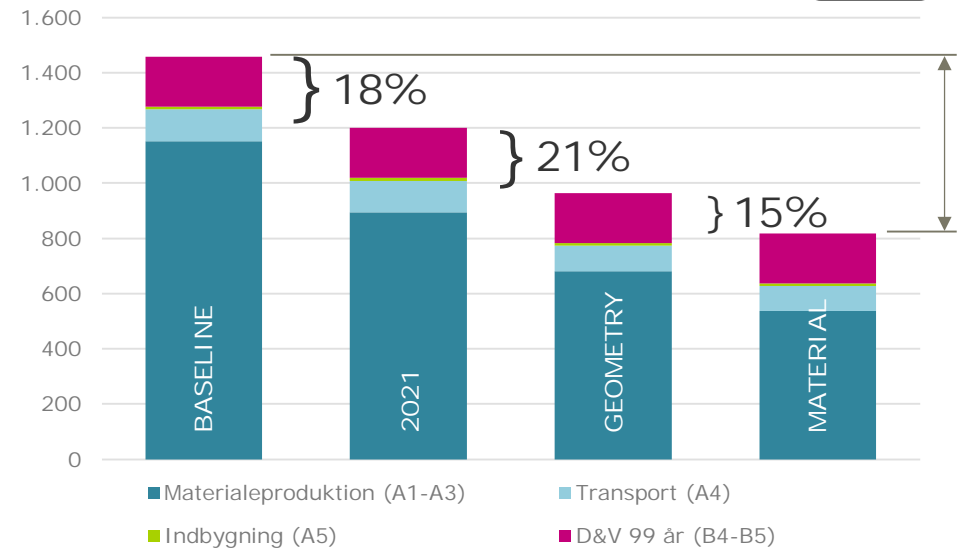
## In-situ: Vindingevej

672 t  
48%



## Element deck: Vesterled

655 t  
45%



## Shows potential for concrete bridges

In these case studies we were able to almost half the emissions just through conscious design choices

## There remains posts to explore

Focus was placed on concrete and steel, but other posts are still open for exploration

## Challenging design norms

Break the rules, not the weights

2030 Target

### Material optimization

Conscious material choices

### 2021 Emissions

Progress on the concrete side takes us part of the way

### 1990 Baseline

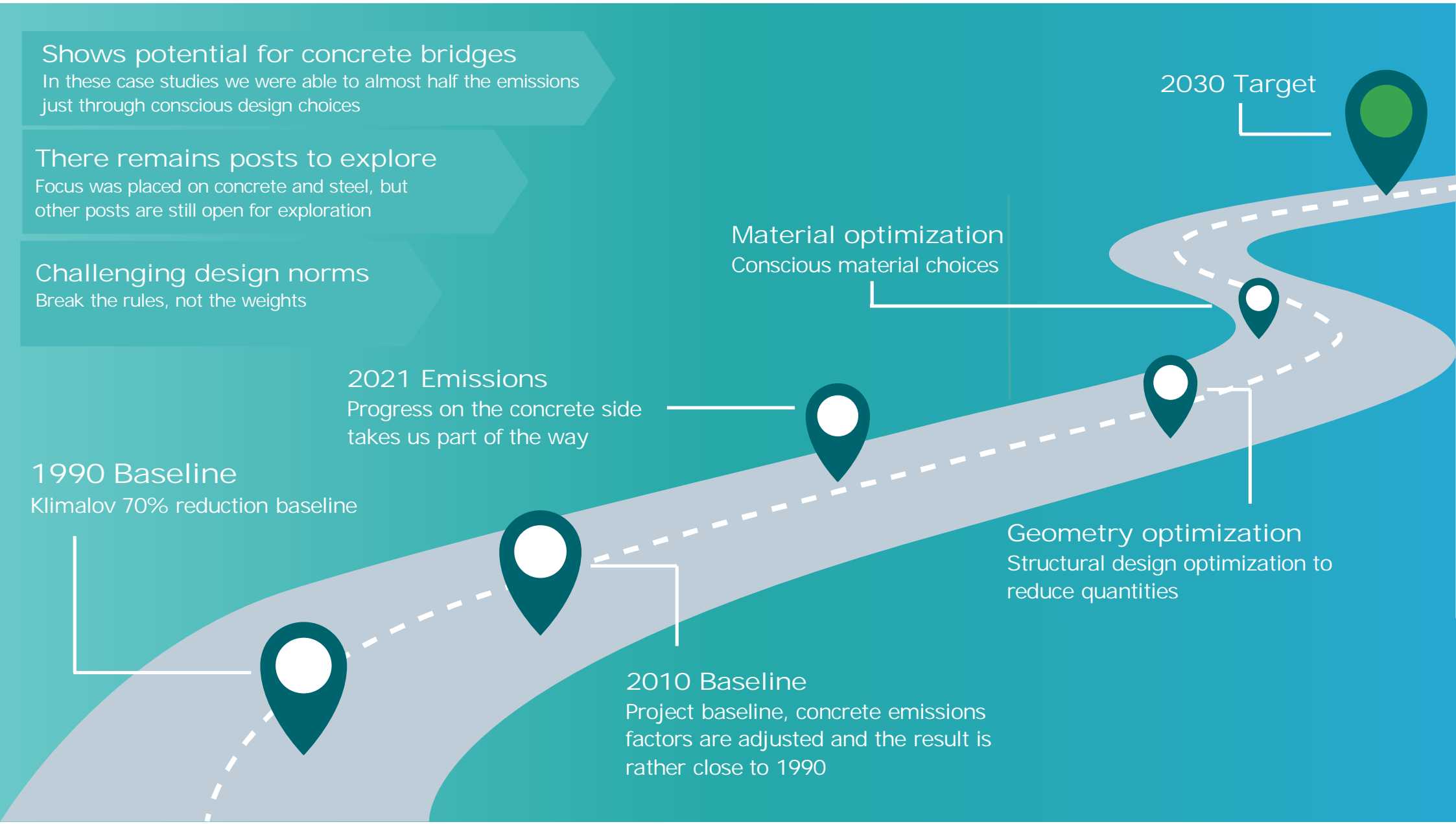
Klimalov 70% reduction baseline

### Geometry optimization

Structural design optimization to reduce quantities

### 2010 Baseline

Project baseline, concrete emissions factors are adjusted and the result is rather close to 1990



## THOUGHTS ON WORKING WITH INFRALCA

- Fantastic to have a tool that allows us to *quantify* project emissions
- Strong tool for documentation, not designed as much for exploration
- Current version is adapted for roads, need a shortened input list specifically for bridges (see VegLCA, or how it's handled in Klimatkalkyl)
- Improved transparency as to what goes on in the background + user guide for different levels (how to add input items, adjust them, cannot change works connected to A5)
- Implementation of other types of fuels, such as biodiesel
- Tips & tricks:
  - Lifetime
  - Re-usable structures